

DRF Instruments (Round Table)

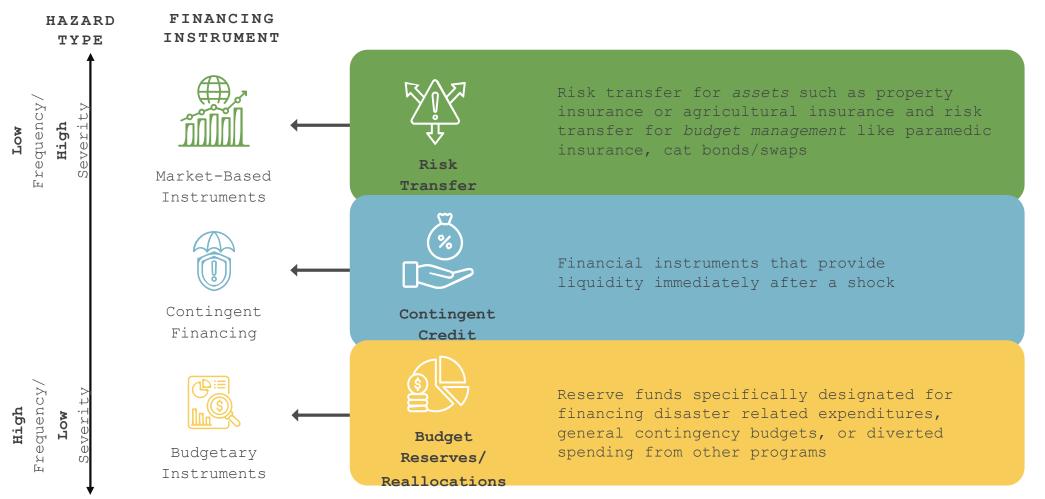






Core Principle 3: Disaster Risk Layering

NO SINGLE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT CAN ADDRESS ALL RISKS



nternational

THREE-TIERED RISK LAYERING STRATEGY FOR GOVERNMENT



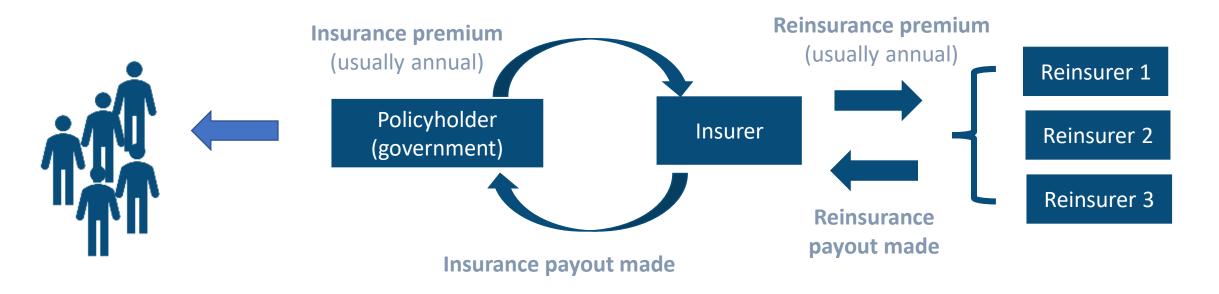
Parametric Insurance and Catastrophe Bonds

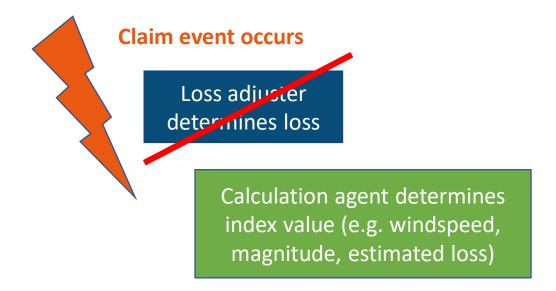
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How an insurance contract works: parametric insurance





Benefits:

- Quick payout based on predefined triggers.
- Transparent and objective claims process.
- Customizable coverage tailored to specific risks.

Limitations:

- Potential mismatch between trigger and actual losses.
- Limited scope focused on specific triggers or events.
- Pricing challenges related to uncertainty of future losses.

Catastrophe Bond

What is a Catastrophe Bond?

A Catastrophe Bond (CAT Bond) is an insurance-like security whose potential payouts are secured through a bond issuance. The CAT Bond is an insurance-linked security that transfers a specific set of risks to the capital market.

Key Features

Purpose	Provide additional HIGHER layer protection
Use of Payout	General budget support (not tied to an asset)
Payout Speed	Can be quicker compared to indemnity insurance coverage (based on trigger used)
Trigger Structure	Up to the discretion of covered entity Can be single step, multi-step - PH did 3-step
Trigger	Up to discretion of covered entity Options: Indemnity, Modeled Loss, Parametric, Industry Loss Index
Issuer	Entity that can issue bonds and set-up an SPV Example: World Bank Capital-at-Risk Notes Facility, Reinsurance Companies (Residential Reinsurance)
Sponsor	Covered entity - example: Philippine government
Perils Covered	To the discretion of of covered entity. Philippines chose typhoon and earthquake



Regional mechanism: Risk pools Ellen Yong









What are Risk Pools?



Each member pays risk-based premium. Pre-defined criteria triggers payouts.





The pool retains some of the risk through the pool's joint reserves and capital, and transfer excess risk to the reinsurance and capital markets.



Why are RiskPools Relevant?



Lower cost of insurance through regional diversification



Reduces capital required and reinsurance costs through increased stability



Achieve economies of scale through joint risk models and product development



Create access to risk transfer expertise and increase risk awareness



Public Asset Protection

Idris Aswin, Greg Fowler









DRF Funds

Yogi Rahmayanti, Dara Lengkong









Adaptive Social Protection

Ekki Syamsulhakim









Penting untuk memastikan ketersediaan data untuk menginformasikan scale-up yang cepat ke rumah tangga nonpenerima manfaat yang terkena dampak Social Registry / **Pencatatan Sosial** Populasi **Daftar Penerima** (populasi yang **Nasional** Manfaat berpotensi memenuhi syarat) Rumah tangga yang terkena dampak bencana

Jumlah manfaat **EKSPANSI VERTIKAL** Meningkatkan sementara jum ah manfaat pembayaran PS Jumlah manfaat yang ditingkatkan untuk sementara Parameter Jumlah sistem PS manfaat reguler reguler

EKSPANSI HORIZONTAL

Memberikan bantuan darurat sementara kepada penduduk yang terkena dampak

DAN BANTUAN DARURAT

Memberikan bantuan darurat sementara kepada penduduk yang terkena dampak

Populasi

Penerima manfaat inti dari sistem PS

Mereka yang tidak menerima manfaat reguler, namun terkena dampak guncangan